

# New Trends in the Media Broadcast and Streaming Industries: Personalized and immersive media experience

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# Factors Driving the New Industrial Trends

- Consumers Interests

- Engaging Medium (The experience)
- Interesting Content, which utilizes the medium's potentials (The creative)
- Suitable Quality of Service (Technical)



- Monetization for Industries involved from production to consumption



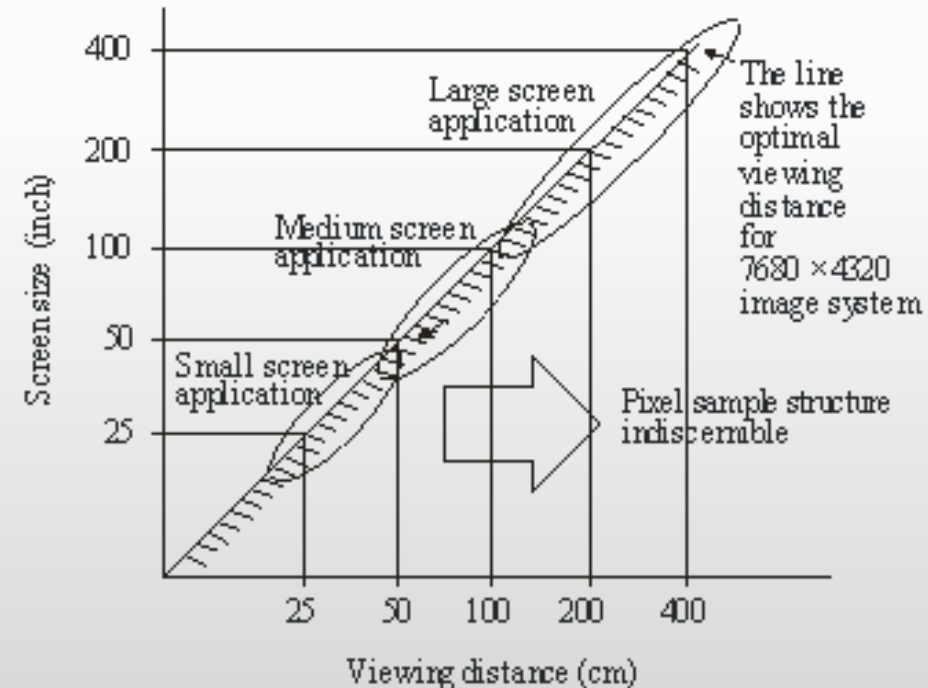
# What Makes the Media Experience Interesting

- **Quality:**

- Higher Resolution: HD, UHD, 8K
- Higher Dynamic Range: SDR (10 stop) to HDR (16+ stop)
- Higher Color Gamut: 709 -> P3 -> 2020
- Higher Frame Rate: (50, 60) -> (100, 120) -> 300

# Immersive Media: Near Term

- High Resolution (**HVS Sensitivity is 1pixel/arcmin**)
  - Larger Field of View (FoV)



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# High Dynamic Range: The Concept

- Preserving details, at the dark and the bright areas of the picture



- Measuring the dynamic range by logarithm of the ratio of the brightest to darkest visible details (in base 2 → Stop)
- SDR: 8-10 stops
- HDR: 17+ stops

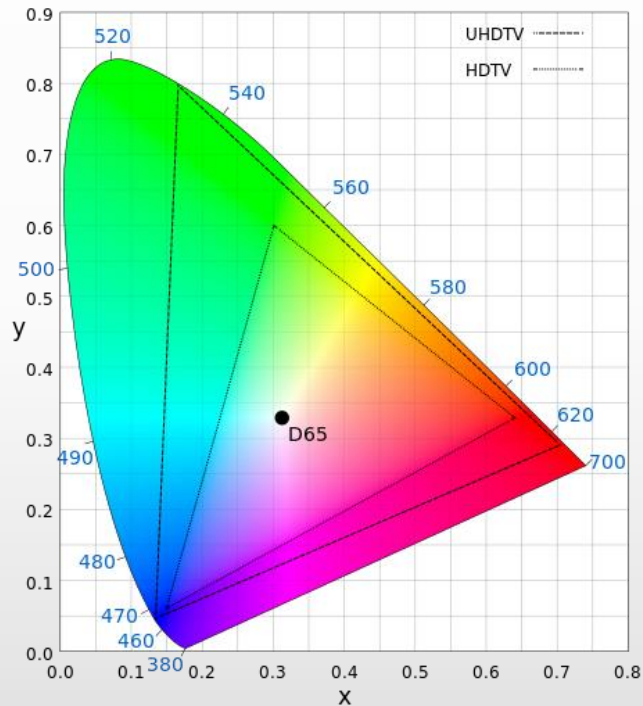
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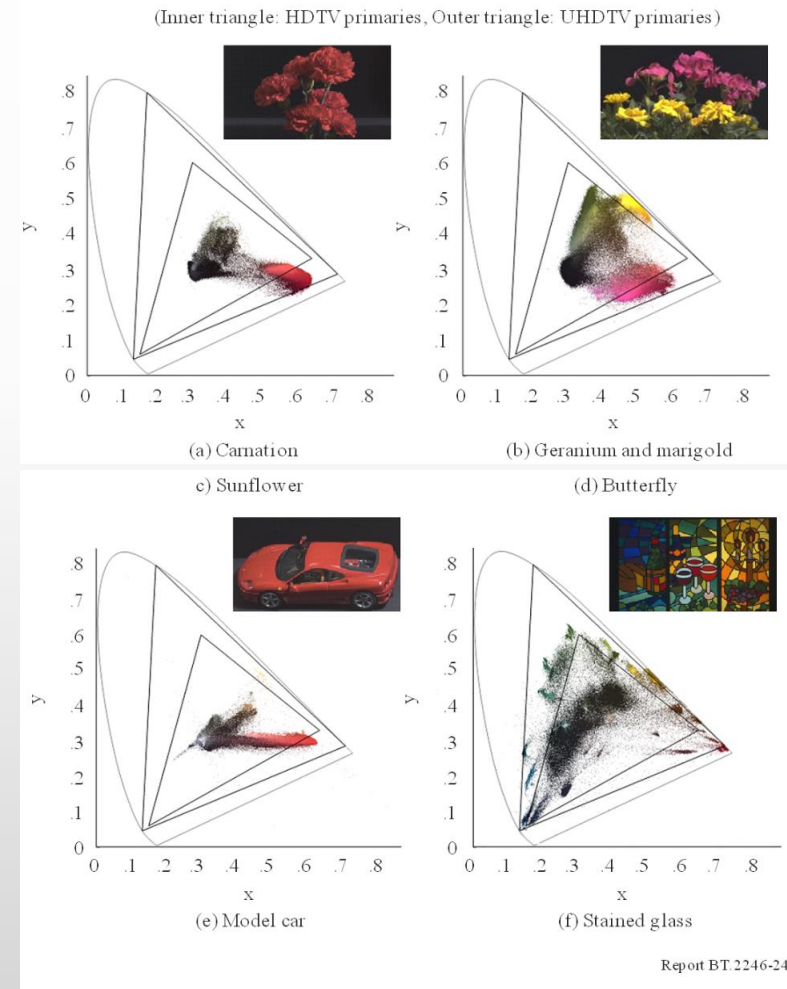
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# Wide Color Gamut: The Concept

- Containers for representing color



- Colors in nature exist beyond the HDTV (ITU-R BT.709) color space





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# What Makes the Media Experience Interesting

- Immersion:
  - VR: 3DoF (360 view), 3DoF+, 6DoF
- Personalization:
  - Engage with Media whenever and wherever they choose (Multi-Screen)
  - Tailor content suggestion and targeted advertisement based on user's taste (AI & ML)
- Interactivity:
  - AR
  - Multi story tracks
  - Social Media

# Enabling Technologies: Increased Quality

- Increased QoE means Increased bandwidth
- **Challenge:** To deliver higher quality with the same network capacity
- **Solution:** Compress media more efficiently
  - Increasing the coding efficiency of video compression schemes:
    - HEVC v1 (2013): ~2x more efficient compared to AVC
    - VVC (2020): With the goal to be 2x more efficient relative to HEVC v1
    - On the horizon: Use of AI as (normative) compression tool
  - More efficient video coding decision (non-normative R-D optimization):
    - Better coding mode selection (including use of AI and ML)
    - Smarter rate control (including use of AI and ML)

# Enabling Technologies: Personalization

- Personalized Viewing Experience: Multi-screen, personalized UI, personalized and smart recommendation, targeted ad insertion
- Broadcast and OTT service providers are competing to take over other services at the customer's premises
  - Home Security
  - Energy Management
  - Health, fitness, elderly care
- Media providers are getting into IoT businesses:
  - Example of service providers :MSO gateways, AppleTV/homepod, Google Home/Alexa/, Amazon Echo, Samsung/SmartThings, etc.

# Immersive Media

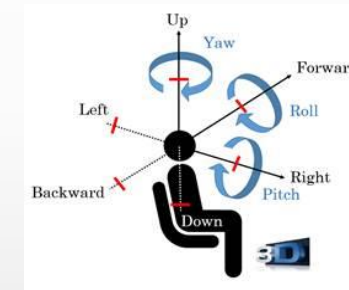
# Immersive Media Use Cases

- Event broadcast/multicast
- Cinematic VR
- Learning applications
- Medical/therapy applications
- Commerce and retail
- VR calls
- User generated content
- HMD-based legacy content consumption

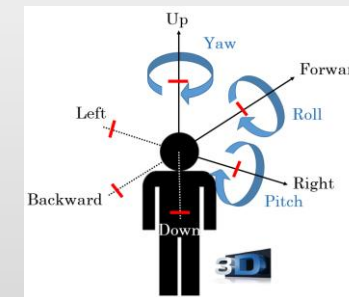
# Enabling Technologies for Immersive Media

- 3DoF (360 view): Viewing/Head position is fixed = Camera Rig position

- 3DoF+ : Head can move around while body is still



- 6DoF : Viewing position can change without restrictions



# 360° View Ecosystem



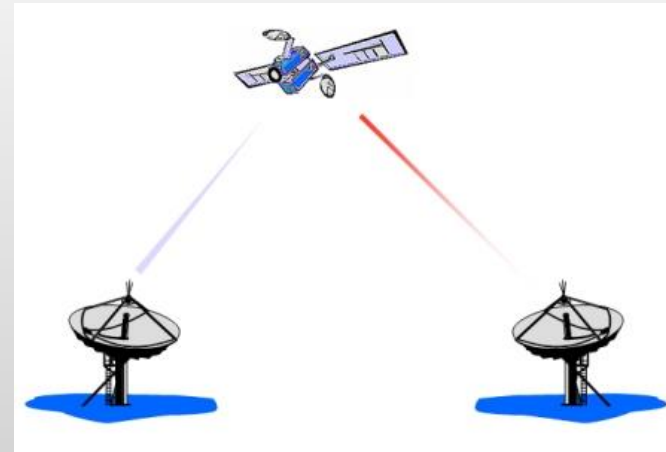
Capture

Format  
Preparation

Production  
Workflow

Storage and  
Distribution

Consumption





# 3DoF Technical Challenges

- 360 view is prone to causing sickness in the viewer.
  - Remedies:
    - High Resolution (>21K resolution, in ERP to achieve simple acuity of 1/60 sample per degree)
    - High Frame Rate (>120 fps)
    - Low motion to photon on display delay (<10ms)



- Storage and Distribution Requires **High Data Rate** (10-50 Mbps for 3DoF and 100-500 Mbps for 6DoF)

# 5G to rescue: 3GPP Requirements

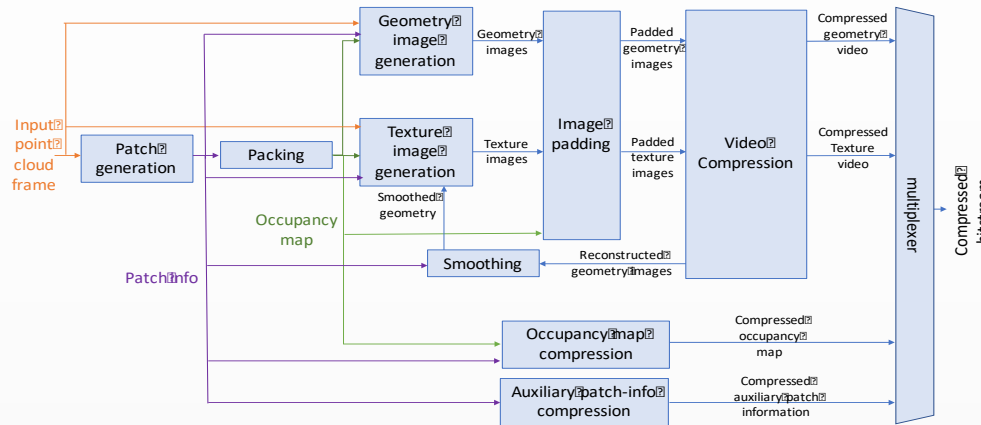
- SA1 service requirements, documented in the TS 22.261 service requirements for the 5G system.
- To support VR environments with low motion-to-photon capabilities, the 5G system shall support:
  - motion-to-photon latency in the range of 7-15ms while maintaining the required user data rate of [1Gbps] and
  - motion-to-sound delay of [<20ms].

# Immersive Technologies: Point Cloud

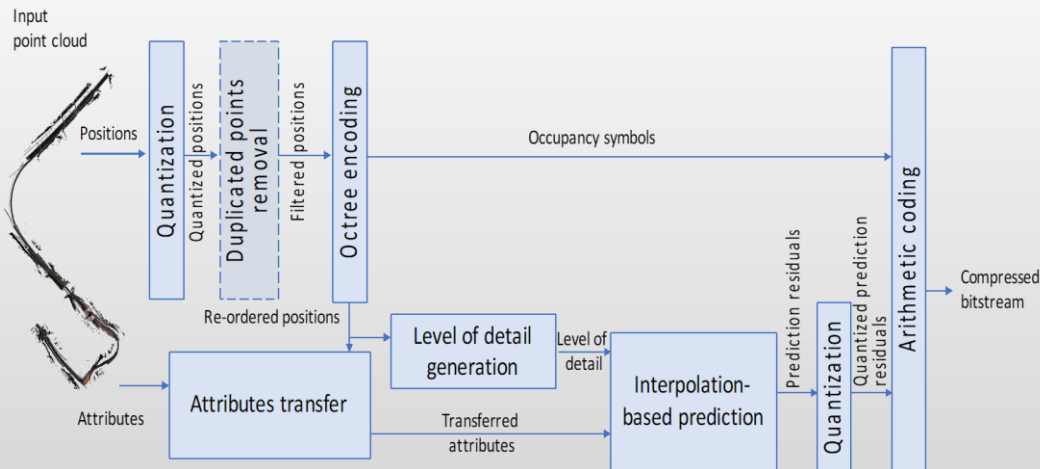
- **Enabling several applications:** such as **6 DoF** immersive media, **VR/AR** immersive real-time communication, **autonomous driving**, **cultural heritage** and **3D printing**



# Immersive Technologies: Point Cloud Compression



**V-PCC** Video-based PCC  
appropriate for continuous  
dynamic PC



**G-PCC** Geometry-  
based PCC  
appropriate for sparse PC

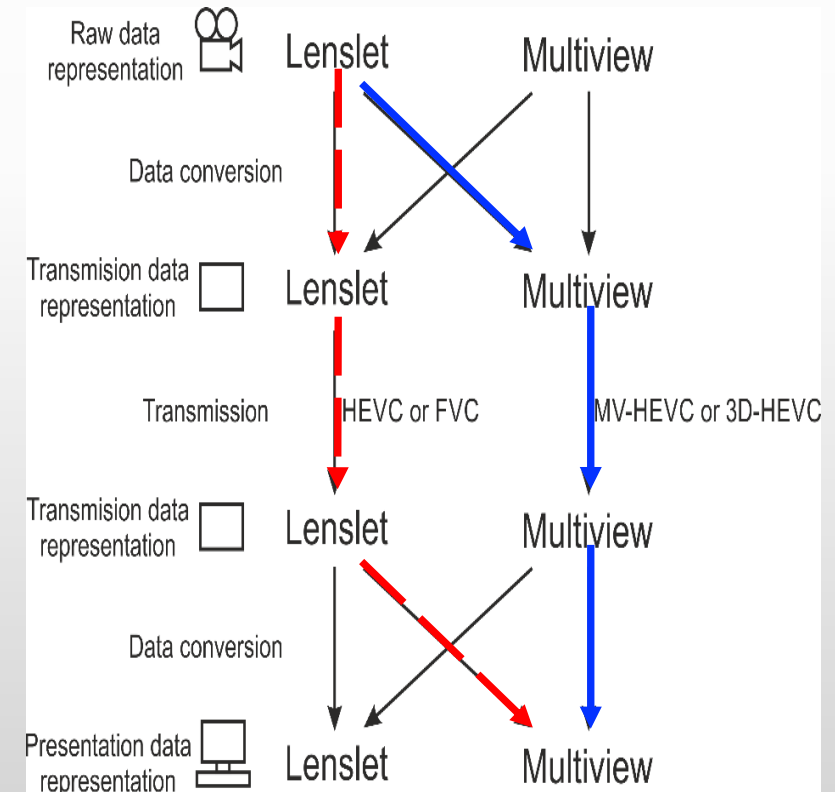
# Immersive Technologies: Dense Light Field

- Captures light from different angles
- Allows for change of perspective and refocus at rendering



# Enabling Technologies: Dense Light Fields Compression

- Exploration experiments on **Compression of dense representation of light fields**
  - Find a better way to compress lenslet video with existing standard: **lenslet** or **multiview**



# VR Audio Experience

- Audio doesn't add, multiplies the immersive experience
- VR Audio gives a sense of depth and direction
- Positional Audio is More Important in VR
  - Provides strong cues to direct attention to a specific story line
  - Without 3D audio the experience is not complete

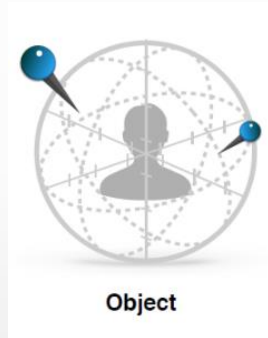
# 3D Audio Models

- Ambisonics



Ambisonics

- Object based

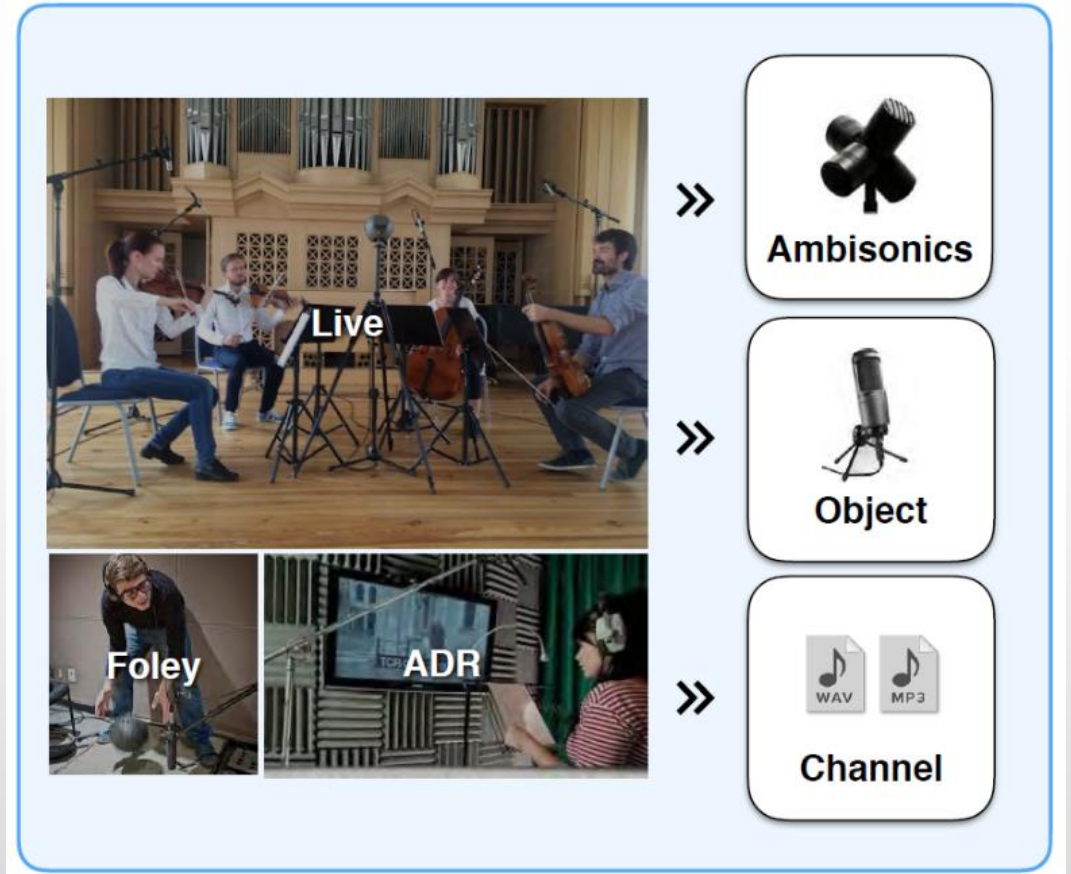


Object

- Channels



Channel



»» Ambisonics

»» Object

»» Channel



# Other Trends in Media Industry

- Network Based Media Processing: Allow mobile devices to benefit from complex resources for
  - Transcoding
  - Viewport rendering
  - Etc.
- Blockchain for:
  - Privacy
  - DRM
- Use of AI for image compression
- Compression of neural networks:
  - CDVA
  - Speech and audio recognition.

Thank You!